



GUIDE FOR AUTHORS  
Aquatic Living Resources - *CHECKLIST*

[www.alr.journal.org](http://www.alr.journal.org)

5 The following checklist is designed to help you and prepare your manuscript to  
"Aquatic Living Resources" style and format.

Please provide a single Word DOC or RTF file (text, tables and legends of figures and figures) or a PDF file for the review process via email (see below). However, on acceptance, all illustrations (line drawings and photographs) could be submitted separately.

10 Number all pages. Use Times New Roman, space between lines: 1.5. Do not use line justification.

#### **Title-Abstract Page**

15 Title should be concise. Author(s): give complete first names (e.g. Arthur T. Dupont), and the corresponding author's address, **email**, **tel**.

Abstract must be informative yet concise (no longer than 300 words), give essential information such as the purpose of the work, the data derived from it, and be intelligible without reference to the paper itself. Provide 5 keywords.

20

#### **Figures**

Authors have the opportunity to publish free of charge all the figures in colour on the online version - avoid pale colours, e.g. yellow.

25 Use Arial for figures. Figures should be prepared **at the size of a single column of 80 mm wide or scheduled to be reduced** to one column width. After reduction, the final height of each individual character: Figure data, symbols and labelling should not be less than 2 mm. **Key should be inside the graph** but avoid redundant keys printed on graph.

Avoid too many patterns on axes and lines too thin. Use of 3D graphs for 3 variables only.

30

**Labels** on axes should begin with a capital letter. Units follow in parentheses. Multiplication factors are associated with the axis label not with the unit of measurement.

All maps and photomicrographs carry scale bars.

Do label your figures on front, upper right with the Authors' names and figure number.

35

**Place the legends together** on a separate page, not below a figure. Figure captions should be brief and self-explanatory.

**Digital images (on acceptance):** encapsulated PostScript (eps) or Tag Image File (tif) formats are acceptable if accessible by Adobe Photoshop, and MS Office files.

**Resolutions** at final size must be at least 300 dpi (dots per inch) for halftone, colours, and 1 000 dpi for line drawings or graphs.

Identify author source files in terms of figure number and format; please ensure this information is present in the filename, e.g. *Dupont-fig1.tif*

Do not present the same information in both a table and a figure. All figures (Fig. 3a) and tables (Table 2) must be referred to in the text.

Do not underline any heading.

Commas are **not** used for numbers e.g. 30 000 and zeros precede decimals for numbers < 1

Spaces are used around signs of operation, and between numbers and units.

**SI Units** e.g.  $\text{mg h}^{-1}$  - Other Units e.g. nautical mile will be abbreviated nmi

**Funding/support and role of sponsor** - All financial and material support for the research and the work should be clearly and completely identified in an Acknowledgement: design and conduct of the study, collection, management, analysis etc.

**Supplementary material** (moving pictures, large tables, etc. could be published online only on ALR website.

## References

List in-text citations chronologically, then alphabetically for the same year.

Journal titles are abbreviated according to the List of Serial Title Word Abbreviations (ISO 4) published by the ISSN International Centre, 20 rue Bachaumont, F- 75002 Paris.

<http://www.issn.org>

---

References should be cited in the text, e.g. (Smith 1999; Martin 2005), and listed in alphabetical order in the reference list.

### *Journal articles:*

Chae D.R., Pascoe S., 2005, Use of simple bioeconomic models to estimate optimal effort levels in the Korean coastal flounder fisheries. *Aquat. Living Resour.* 18, 93-101.

### *Books:*

Cressie N.A.C, 1993, *Statistics for spatial data*. Revised edition, New-York, Wiley. Wiley Series in Probability and Mathematical Statistics.

DeAngelis D.L., Mooij W.M., Basset A., 2003, The importance of spatial scale in the modeling of aquatic ecosystems. In: Seuront L., Strutton P.G. (Eds.) *Handbook of scaling methods in aquatic ecology*. London, CRC Press, pp. 383-400.

**Aquatic Living Resources**  
**Brigitte Milcendeau, email: [bmilcend@ifremer.fr](mailto:bmilcend@ifremer.fr)**